Timeline of the Kings of Israel and Judah from Saul to the end of the Old Testament Kings of United Israel Prophets Reign Years Name 1094 - 1054 Saul Good / Evil Acts 13:21 40 1054 ~ 1014 David 1 Kings 2:11 Gad, Nathan 40 Good 1014 - 974 40 Solomon Good / Evil 1 Kings 11:42 Ahijah Kings of Northern Israel Kings of Southern Judah Prophets A might had of vaculturing signal given charge over the house of Joseph by Solomon, 1 Kings 11:28 14:20. Prophecied by Ahijah to be the next kin of Israel, 1 Kings 11:29 37, 2 Kings 12:20 1 Kings 11:43-974 - 957 17 Rehoboam Jeroboam 14:31 22 974 ~ 952 1 Kings 15:33~ 22 Baasha Evil 950 ~ 928 16:6 954 - 913 41 1 Kings 15:9-24 Asa Good 927 ~ 916 12 Omri Evil 1 Kings 16:16-28 Ahab/ 22 916 ~ 895 Evil 1 Kings 16:29 Jezebel 1 Kings 22:41-43 913 ~ 888 Jehoshephat 2 Kings 3:1-2, 8:16-Fought with Ahaziah in his last year and was wounded, 2 Kings 8:28 9:21 Jehoram 893 ~ 880 12 Evil (Joram) son of 2 Chronicles 21: 5, 2 Kings 8:16-17 888 - 880 Evil Ahab 880 - 875 6 Evil 2 Kings 11:1-3 Athaliah 2 Kings 9:13, Good/ 880 - 852 Jehu 28 Evil 10:36 Jehoash 875 ~ 835 40 Good 2 Kings 12:1 (Joash) 2 Kings 13:1 852 - 835 Jehoahaz Jehoash 835 ~ 820 16 Evil 2 Kings 13:10 (Joash) 2 Kings 14:1~2, 835 ~ 806 29 Amaziah Good ereboum had possibly 10yrs of overlap ruling as viceroy with his father Josah. Compare 2 Kings 14:28 that says Jereboa started his reign in 15th year of Amaziah, with 2 Kings 15:8 that states the end of Jereboams reign in the 38th year of Uzziah. 14:28 tells us his reign was 41 years, this was probably the length of time he ruled by himself. 2 Kings 15:1-2 states Uzziah began his reign i the 27th year of Jeroboam. This was not when 2 Kings 13:13, 809 - 768 Jeroboam Evil eroboam took the throne, but when Uzziah Jeroboam began 806 - 754 52 Good ruling and (Azariah) fighting against the Syrians with nis father, 2 King 14:17. Uzziah ruled 14 years after Jeroboam ruled Menahem 2 Kings 15:17 independently. 2 Kings 15:27 2 Kings 15:32-754 - 738 16 Jotham Good 755 - 735 Pekah 20 Evil Assyria to carry Israel away Isaiah loshea may be ruling, but not as the full sole monarch of Israel, 2 Kings 15:30. 2 Kings 1 tates Hoshea started his reign in the 12th year of Ahaz. There must have been an interrum o O years. This also agrees with 2 Kings 18:1-2, 9-10, which states Hezekiah begins his reign the 3rd year of Hoshea. 738 - 722 16 Ahaz Evil 2 Kings 16:1-2 735 ~ 717 Hoshea Evil 7 For so it was that the children of Israel had sinned against the LORD their God, who had brought them up out of the land of Egypt, from under the hand the 3rd year of 29 722 - 693 Hezekiah Good Hoshea, Hezekiah began to reign of Pharaoh king of Egypt; and they had feared other gods, 8 and had walked in the statutes of the nations whom the LORD had cast out from before the children of Israel, and of the kings of Israel, which they had made. 9 Also the children of Israel secretly did against the LORD their God things that were not right, and they built for themselves high places in all their cities, from watchtower to fortified city. 10 They set up for themselves sacred pillars and wooden images on every high hill and under every green tree. 11 There they burned incense on all the high places, like the nations whom the LORD had carried away before them; and they did wicked things to provoke the LORD to anger, 12 for they served idols, of which the LORD had said to them, "You shall not do this thing." 693 - 638 2 Kings 21:1-2 55 Manasseh Evil 13 Yet the LORD testified against Israel and against Judah, by all of His prophets, every seer, saying, "Turn from your evil ways, and keep My nmandments and My statutes, according to all the law which I commanded your fathers, and which I sent to you by My servants the prophets." 14 Nevertheless they would not hear, but stiffened their necks, like the necks of their fathers, who did not believe in the LORD their God. 15 And they rejected His statutes and His covenant that He had made with their fathers, and His testimonies which He had testified against them; they followed idols, became idolaters, and went after the nations who were all around them, concerning whom the LORD had charged them that they should not do like them. 16 So they left all the commandments of the LORD their God, made for themselves a molded image and two calves, made a wooden image and worshiped all the host of heaven, and served Baal. 7 And they caused their sons and daughters to pass through the fire, practiced 636 ~ 605 31 Josiah 2 Kings 22:1~2 witchcraft and soothsaying, and sold themselves to do evil in the sight of the LORD, to provoke Him to anger. 18 Therefore the LORD was very angry with Israel, and removed them fron His sight; there was none left but the tribe of Judah alone.

	605 BC Nebuc	chadnezzar first	invasion into Jerusalem, 2 Kings Jehoiakim	24:1, 23:33, Je Evil	2 Kings 23:34, 36, 24:1, Jer 25:1	- ye		Capi	IVILY ~ IVIC	uo~re	ersian Empire
	597 - 597 597 BC 597 ~ 586 Jerusalem is 586 - 585	3 months Nebuchadnezza 11 s carried away a	icholachin ar 2nd invasion into Jerusalem, j Zedekiah 586 BC - 11th yr of Zedekiah and taken captive by Nebuchadna Gedeliah	Evil Evil Evil Evil Evil Gezzar, 2 Kings 2: Good?	2 Kines 24:8 2 Kines 24:8 Jeremiah 37:1, 2 Kines 24:17 Zedekiah was the brother of Jehoiakim, Jehoiachin's unck 1 Chron 3:1 2 Kines 25:22	Ezekiel		Jeremiah			
	560	m	Jehokhin	Evil	Johnshine released in the 37 years has captivity, 2 Kings 25:27:30		Daniel	ah	The kings of Israel removed from the line of the kings, 2 Kings 17:18		
6:1 cap	 -3; and Darius tivity, according 	the Mede, to the pro	s overthrow the Babylo Dan 5:30-31, Zech phecy of Jeremiah, in to go back to Jerusalem	1:1, 4:9. the1st year	537 BC- After 70 y of Cyrus King of Per	ears in		Persiar	Kings. It can be , and (2) named A	confusii	ty after the Babylonian captivity is to know the order of the ng because there are (3) named Ahasuerus; (2) named and their correspondence are the named and their correspondence.
L						Iedo-	Pers	ian I	Empire		
E	Ha Dates	ppening	gs of the Childs Leader		Description		roph		R eign	Years	of the Medo-Persian Empire Name / Description
	537 ~ 535	Z	erubbabel 	the Jews bac is erected to built, 537, E In the 2 temple	nd year of their re commenced,the	e temple, l God before elease, v	Ezra 1:1. ore the to work of idation	An alter emple is on the	538 ~ 530	9	Cyrus the Persian conquered Babylon in 538 BC, Ezra 1:1, 7, 5:13. After taking Babylon, Cyrus gave the rule of Babylon to King Darius the Mede, Dan 5:31, as viceroy to the throne. Ahasuerus the Mede, the father of Darius the Mede, Dan 9:1, not to be confused with the other (2) kings named
	535 - 522	Zerubbabel Zerubabel's temple is laid set up, Ezra 3:8-11, 4:12, this time there was much of adversaries of Judah to prolonged the building of the 21. Then after a decree we Artexerxes (Smerdis (brothe stop the building of the tem				Hag 2 oppositi hat do ne temp ent fort er of Cy	Hag 2:18. During pposition from the lat delayed and e temple, Ezra 4:1-nt forth from king r of Cyrus) 522) to		530 ~ 522	9	Ahasuerus later in history. Anasuerus lite Persian, known as (Cambyses (son of Cyrus) 530 – 522). In the beginning of the reign of Ahasuerus the people of the land troubled the people of Judah in the building of the temple Those who oppossed Judah and the building of the temple wrote an accusation to Ahasuerus the Paperion Fig. 44.4 6.
E	521 521		gai to Zerubbabel riah to Zerubbabel		hetic utterance to urage Zerubbabel		Hagga echari		522	1	Artaxerxes the Persian (brother of Cyrus) received another letter from those opposing the
	521 ~ 516		erubbabel	Persia, 5 year of I house of	nd year of the reig. 21, Ezra 4:24, unt Darius the Persian, the Lord was finish	il finall 516, Ez ed.	y in tl zra 6:1	ne 6th 5, the			temple, Ezra 4:7, and Artaxerxes decrees that the building of the temple stop, Ezra 4:21-23
	516 - 458	prophecy of Malachi, 460, and the coming of Ezra to, 458, the Children of Israel were free to worship G temple, but they had deep pagan roots from Babylon as know the law of the Lord. Therefore, in the 7th Artaxerxes king of Persia, 458, Ezra came to them from the to meet them in Jerusalem and taught them the Law Ezra 7:1-10. For 58 years the Israelites were entangles Babylonian ways and were corrupting the Jewish I marrying pagan women. I believe Malachi was the proposition of Jerusal Malachi was the proposition of them, purge their idoltrous ways and rementanglement with Babylonian wives and customs, 9:10 - 10:3.					n His id not ar of bylon Moses, th the ge by of the them,		522 -486	36	Darius the Persian 522 – 486 after enquiring be know more about the decree of Cyrus to rebuilt the temple, 538, the scroll was found with the colaration written allowing the Jews the freedom to uild the temple, Ezra 4:24, 6:12. Darius there onors the decree of Cyrus, and makes a decretimeself to resume the building of the temple in 520 zra 6:12. The house of the Lord was finished in the 6th year of varius the Persian, Ezra 6:15.
4	Esther 85 - 465	The Time of Esther in Susa, Persia							485 - 465	20	Ahasuerus the Persian (Xerxes in the time of Esther) Esther chapters 1-10. King Ahauerus reigned over 127 provinces- see map below of the expanse of his kingdom
and the Lav rek sho	In 458, Ezra comes from Babylon to Jerusalem to teach the Law of Moses and set the Children of Israel straight, Ezra 7:1-10. This is quite possibly the first time most of these people had every heard the Torah and the Law of Moses. Ezra was a scibe and priest of Jerusalem even through the rebuilding of the wall of Jerusalem, Neh 8:1-13. Ezra probably died shortly after becasue we see the corruption of the priesthood begin through Eliashib pursuaded by Tobid of which Ezra would have never condoned, Neh 13:4-9. In the 20th year of the reign of Persia, 445, Artaxerxes gives the the city of Jerusalem. This coprophecy of Daniel 9:25. Nehe walls of Jerusalem in 52 days, N is made govenor of Jerusalem fe 433, Neh 5:14. However Neh returned to Babylon. At which Eliashib, was persuaded by Tob Neh 2:10, to turn away fro Nehemiah learned of this and we King Artexerxes in 433 to return 13:4-9 The Intertestamental Period 433 ~ 4 BC						ree to i conds rebuil 15. Neb years, h mus	king of rebuild to the lds the nemiah 445 - t have	465 - 424	41	Artaxerxes king of Persia- gave the decree in 445 to Nehemiah to rebuild the wall of Jerusalem, thus fullfilling Daniel 9:25, 69 weeks of years until the Messiah enters Jerusalem at the Triumphal Entry. Artaxerxes also extended his mercy to beautify the temple out of the king's treasure house, Ezra 7:20-21